BIOMARK Laboratories-INDIA www.biomarklabs.com TECHNICAL SHEET

B973 CASMAN AGAR													
Formula													
Ingredients :			gms/lit.										
Proteose peptone	1	10	.0.00										
Tryptose 10.00													
Beef extract	3.0	3.00											
Dextrose	0.												
Sodium chloride			5.00										
Nicotinamide 0			0.05										
p-Amino benzoic acid (PABA) 0.05													
Agar 14.00													
Final pH (at 25°C	<u>+</u> 0.2												
Directions :													
Suspend 43.6 gms in 1000 ml. distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely.													
Sterilize by autoclaving at 15lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 50°C and aseptically add													
0.15% v/v sterile water lysed blood (water:blood:3:1) of 5% sterile blood. Mix well and dispense as													
desired.													
Principle :													
Proteose peptone, tryptose and beef extract provide amino acids and other complex nitrogenous													
NUTRIENTS. Dextrose improves growth of pathogenic cocci. Corn starch prevents fatty acids from													
inhibiting the growth of Neisseria gonorrhoeae, without interfering with haemolytic reaction but													
neutralizes the inhibitory action of dextrose. Addition of blood provides the growth factors required													
for maching initial as neminor a factor and Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide (NAD) of V													
destroys V factor. Nicotinamide is added to medium to inhibit nucleotidase of erythrocytes that													
destroys V factor.													
Inoculate the medium as soon as the specimen arrives at the laboratory. After incubation													
Haemophilus influenzae produces colourless to gray colonies with a characteristic `mousy' odour													
while Neisseria g	onorrhoeae prod	uces sma	all colourles	s to grayisł	n- white colonies.	,							
QC Tests – (I)Dehydrated Medium													
Colour :			Light yellow										
Appearance :			Homogeneous Free Flowing powder										
(II)Rehydrated medium													
pH (post autoclaving/heating) :			7.3 ± 0.2										
Colour (post autoclaving/heating)			a) Basal medium – Yellow										
			b) With addition of blood : Cherry-red										
Clarity (post autoclaving/heating): a) Clear to slightly opalescent b) Opalescent													
(III)Q.C. Test Microbiological													
		ved after	40-48 nrs.	at 35-37°C									
MICROORGANISM (ATCC)			GROWTH HAEMOLYSIS										
Haemophilus Influenzae (35056)			Good - I	uxuriant +	None								
Streptosocius proumonico (6202)			Luxurian	L +	Alpha								
Streptococcus pyogenes (19615)				ι +	Bota								
Streptococcus mitis (9895)				ι +	Beta								
Precautions : 1. For Laboratory Use. 2. Follow proper, established laboratory procedures in handling and disposing of infectious materials.													
							Limitations : 1. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may be						
							encountered that fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium.						
Jse : IFOR ISOlation of fasticious microorganisms from clinical specimens under reduced													
Storage : Debydrated medium- bolow 30% Propared medium - Botwoon 2 to 8%													
Packing · 500 am bottle													
Product Reconstitution Quantity			v on nH (25) Sunnlament	Sterilization							
profile:		Preparat	ion (500a)	pi (25 C									
B973	43.6a/l	11	L.46L	7.3 ± 0.2	2 0.15% v/v ste	erile 121ºC / 15							
					water lysed blo	ood minutes							
					(water:blood:3	:1)							
					of 5% ste	erile							
					blood.								