BIOMARK Laboratories-INDIA www.biomarklabs.com TECHNICAL SHEET

B612 MANNITOL SALT AGAR							
Formula							
Ingredients : gms			s/lit.				
Proteose peptone	00						
Beef extract		1.)0				
Sodium chloride		75.0	00				
D-Mannitol		10.0	00				
Phenol red		0.02	25				
Agar	15.00						
Final pH (at 25°C) : 7.4 \pm 0.2							
Directions :							
Suspend 111gms. in 1000 ml. distilled water. Boil to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by							
autoclaving at 15lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Mix well & dispense as desired.							
Principle:							
Mannitol Salt Agar contains Proteose Peptone and Beef Extract as sources of carbon, nitrogen, vitamins							
and minerals. D-Mannitol is the carbohydrate source. Sodium Chloride, in high concentration, inhibits							
most bacteria other than staphylococci. Phenol Red is the pH indicator. Agar is the solidifying agent.							
Bacteria that grow in the presence of a high salt concentration and ferment mannitol produce acid							
products which turn the phenol red pH indicator from red to yellow. Typical pathogenic staphylococci							
(coagulase – positive staphylococci) ferment mannitol and form yellow colonies with yellow zones around							
the colonies. Typical non – pathogenic staphylococci do not ferment mannitol and form red colonies.							
QC Tests – (I)Dehydrated Medium							
Colour :			Light yellow to pink				
Appearance :			Homogeneous Free Flowing powder				
(II)Rehydrated medium							
pH (post autoclaving/heating) :			7.4 ± 0.2				
Colour (post autoclaving/heating) :			Orangish red to red				
Clarity (post autoclaving/heating) :			Clear to slightly opalescent				
(III) O.C. Test Microbiological							
Cultural characteristics observed after 18 - 72 hours at 35 - 37°C							
MICROORGANISM (ATCC)			GROWTH				
Staphylococcus aureus (25923)			Luxuriant	Yellow/white	white colonies surrounded by yellow zone		
Staphylococcus aureus (6538)			Luxuriant	Yellow/white	white colonies surrounded by yellow zone		
Staphylococcus epidermidis (14400)			Eair to good	Red			
Staphylococcus opidermidis (12229)			Fair to good	Red			
Escherichia coli (25022)			Fail to yoou Inhihitad				
Escherichia coli (23922)			Innibited				
Drotous mirabilis (12452)				Vollow	 Vollow		
Proteus mirabilis (12453) INONE-poor Yellow							
Precautions: 1. For Laboratory Use. D. Fallow proper actabilished laboratory procedures in headling and dispersions for							
2. Follow proper, established laboratory procedures in handling and disposing of						disposing of	
Infectious materials.							
Limitations : 1. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may be						ns may be	
	encountereu triat fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium.						
Use :	For selective isolation of pathogenic Staphylococci as per I.P.						
Storage : Dehydrated medium- below 30°C Prepared medium- Between 2 to 8°C.						<u>გ</u> .	
Packing: 500 gm. bottle					O U U		
Product profile:	Reconstitution	tution Quantity on		pH (25°C)	Supplement	Sterilization	
		Preparati	on (500g)				
B612	111a/	4	.05L	/.4 + 0.2	Nil	121°C / 15 minutes	