## **BIOMARK Laboratories-INDIA**

## www.biomarklabs.com

## TECHNICAL SHEET

| TECHNICAL SHEET  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|------|--|---------------|---------------|----------------------|--|
| B1185 HOTTINGER BROTH  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Formula  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Ingredients: gms/lit.  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
|  |  |                                       |      | 00   |               |               |                      |  |
| Yeast extract 2.0  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Tryptophan 1.00  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| 5: 1 11 ( 1 2500)  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Final pH (at 25°C): 7.4± 0.2   |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Directions:  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Suspend 23.0 grams in 1000 ml distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclavingat 15 lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes.   |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Principle:   |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Fish peptone and yeast extract provides the nitrogenous source and essential nutrients for growth of organisms. Theproduction of indole from tryptophan is a diagnostic test used for identifying enteric bacteria. After incubation, indole can beidentified by a red dye complex reaction with Kovac's Reagent(BA068). |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| QC Tests - (I)Dehydrated Medium  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Colour:  |  |                                       |      | Cream to yellow  |               |               |                      |  |
| Appearance :   |  |                                       | Hom  | Homogeneous Free Flowing powder                          |               |               |                      |  |
| (II)Rehydrated medium  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| pH (post autoclaving/heating) :  |  |                                       |      | $7.4 \pm 0.2$  |               |               |                      |  |
| Colour (post autoclaving/heating) :  |  |                                       |      | Light amber  |               |               |                      |  |
| Clarity (post autoclaving/heating):  |  |                                       | Clea | Clearsolution  |               |               |                      |  |
| (III)Q.C. Test Microbiological   |  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
|  |  | incubation at 35-37°C for 18-48 hours |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| MICROORGANISM (ATCC ) GRO  |  |                                       | WTH  | WTH INDOLEPRODUCTION                                     |               |               |                      |  |
| Escherichia coli (25922) Go  |  |                                       | d    | Positivereaction, redring at the interface of the medium |               |               |                      |  |
| Pseudomonas aeruginosa (27853) Go  |  |                                       | d    | Negativereaction,nocolourdevelopment/ cloudy ring        |               |               |                      |  |
| Staphylococcus aureus (25923) Go   |  |                                       | d    | Negativereaction,nocolourdevelopment/ cloudy ring        |               |               |                      |  |
| Streptococcus pyogenes (19615) G   |  |                                       | d    |  |               |               |                      |  |
|  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               | ,,g                  |  |
| Precautions:  1. For Laboratory Use.  2. Follow proper, established laboratory procedures in handling and disposinfectious materials.  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               | ng and disposing of  |  |
|  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               | ig and disposing of  |  |
| Limitations: 1. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may   |  |                                       |      |  |               |               | me strains may he    |  |
| encountered that fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium.   |  |                                       |      |  |               |               | Januario inaj be     |  |
| Use: It is used for the cultivation of less fastidious microorganisms and determination  |  |                                       |      |  |               |               | and determination of |  |
|  | indole in accordance withUSSR State Pharmacopoeia.               |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Storage :  | Dehydrated medium- below 30°C Prepared medium- Between 2 to 8°C. |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| Packing:   | 500 gm bottle  |                                       |      |  |               |               |                      |  |
| <b>Product profile:</b> Reconstitution Quantity of   |  | on                                    |      | pH (25°C)  | Supplement    | Sterilization |                      |  |
| Preparation  |  |                                       | 0g)  | ()   | -  -          |               |                      |  |
| B1185  | 23.0g/l  | Og/l 21.73                            |      | L  | $7.4 \pm 0.2$ | Nil           | 121°C / 15 minutes   |  |

## Disclaimer:

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related BIOMARKLABORATORIES publications.

The information contained in this publication is based on our in-house studies and market performance and is to the best of our knowledge true and accurate. BIOMARK LABORATORIES reserves the right to make changes to specifications and information related to the products at any time. Products are not intended for human or animal or therapeutic use but for laboratory, diagnostic, research or further manufacturing use only, unless otherwise specified. Statements contained herein should not be considered as a warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, and no liability is accepted for infringement of any patents.

Page 01 of 01